Smart Start for Babies Newborn-2 months-old

Getting Ready for School Begins at Birth



Tyrone Area School District Parenting Tips



Smart Start for Babies Newborns



	YOUR NEWBORN BABY		ACTIVITIES			
	Physical		Physical Activities			
•	Your baby will lift his/her head briefly	•	Your baby will lift his/her head briefly			
•	Moves arms and legs on both sides of the body equally well	•	Moves arms and legs on both sides of the body equally well			
•	When startled by a loud noise, or a feeling of falling your baby will extend the legs, arms, and fingers, arch the back, draw the head back, then draw the arms back, fists clenched into the chest.	•	When startled by a loud noise, or a feeling of falling your baby will extend the legs, arms, and fingers, arch the back, draw the head back, then draw the arms back, fists clenched into the chest			
•	Your baby will keep his/her arms and legs bent up close to his body and his/her fingers tightly clenched Your baby's feet will naturally curve inward	•	Your baby will keep his/her arms and legs bent up close to his body and his/her fingers tightly clenched			
•		•	Your baby's feet will naturally curve inward			
	Language		Language Activities			
•	Uses sounds, facial expressions, and body movements to tell you how he is feeling sleepy, hungry,	•	Talk and sing to your baby. This makes him feel loved and helps him bond with you			
•	happy, uncomfortable He/she will have a variety of grunts, squeaks, sighs, sneezes, and hiccups A strong sound may make your baby jump or cry Your baby will recognize your voice	•	As you move through the day your baby will learn from your voice when you're going to feed him, change his/her diaper, go out for a walk, or put him down to sleep. The way you talk will tell him a great deal about your mood and personality. If you speak in an upbeat or comforting way, he may smile or coo. Yell or talk angrily, and he'll probably startle or cry			
		•	Respond to your baby's signals. When his eyes are bright and he is awake and alert, it's time to play. Slow things down when he cries, turns away, or arches his back			
	Thinking		Thinking Activities			
•	Prefers to look at high contrast patterns and faces Is alert 1 out of 10 hours Cries if under-stimulated or over-stimulated Prefers the human face to other shapes	•				
	Social		Social Activities			
•	Focuses on objects within 8—15 inches, especially your face, if you move away his eyes may wander Baby will recognize your voice, smell, and face Baby will respond to your smile and touch with	•	Holding your baby will give him/her pleasure. It will give him/her a sense of security and comfort, and it will let him know he/she is loved. Research shows it will actually promote his/her growth and development			
	pleasure	•	Play soft soothing music			
		•	Show baby black and white patterns, sharply contrasting dark-red and pale yellow, bull's-eyes, and very simple faces.			

and very simple faces



Smart Start for Babies 1 month-old



	YOUR 1 MONTH—OLD BABY		ACTIVITIES		
	Physical		Physical Activities		
•	Can lift his/her head slightly for a few seconds	•	Move your head side to side as baby follows		
•	Turns his/her head from side to side		your face		
•	Your baby is born with the ability to see to the sides, and he'll gradually acquire the ability to focus closely on a single point in the center of his/her visual field	•	Place a mobile with highly contrasting colors and patterns on baby's crib Play soft soothing music		
•	Hearing is fully mature by the end of the 1st month, may turn toward familiar sounds & voices	•	Play with your baby using soft, brightly colored and patterned toys that make gentle sounds		
•	Will follow an object moved above his/her face				
•	Stares at objects, but does not reach for them				
•	Prefers the human face to all other patterns				
•	Will grasp your finger, keeps hands in tight fists				
•	Flops head if not supported				
•	Can see things 10—15 inches away				
•	Makes jerky arm movements				
•	Brings hand to face				
	Language		Language Activities		
•	Responds to voices	•	Take every opportunity to talk, sing, or coo to		
•	May turn toward familiar sounds or voices		your baby		
•	Begins making small cooing sounds	•	Comfort your baby whenever he cries. You		
•	Likes it when you talk to him/her		can't spoil a baby. Soothing makes her feel		
•	Uses gestures, sounds, and facial expressions to communicate his/her feelings		safe, secure, and loved		
•	Watches you while you are talking and mimics by opening and closing his/her mouth				
	Thinking		Thinking Activities		
•	Prefers to look at high contrast patterns and faces	•			
•	Cries if under-stimulated or over-stimulated				
•	Prefers the human face to other shapes				
	Social		Social Activities		
•	Loves skin-to-skin contact	•	Love your baby. Nothing helps a baby grow		
•	Begins to trust caregiver		and thrive as much as being loved		
•	Enjoys eye contact, smiles at faces	•	Pass a patterned object within focus range (8-		
•	Focuses his/her eyes on your face Recognizes parents' voices		15 inches) up and down and side to side in front of him/her		
•	Responds to loud sounds Blinks at bright lights	•	Help your baby calm himself by guiding his fingers to his mouth, giving him a pacifier, or offering a blanket or a soft chicat		
			ing a blanket or a soft object		



Smart Start for Babies 2 month-old



	YOUR 2 MONTH—OLD BABY	ACTIVITIES
	Physical	Physical Activities
•	Can lift his/her head 45 degrees Hands start to unfold Can briefly hold a rattle	 To help your baby strengthen head muscles, lie baby across your lap belly-down Bicycle your baby's legs to stimulate nerves
•	Baby's eyes are more coordinated and can work together to move and focus at the same time Tracks moving objects with his/her eyes Holds head steady for a few minutes	 and muscles in his/her legs & feet Use baby safe mirrors; hang them on the crib, in the carriage, and beside the changing table Move a rattle or bright toy across baby's line of vision to encourage tracking
•	Can bear weight briefly when they are held in a standing position Roll over one way Reach for an object	mile of reserve directing
	Language	Language Activities
•	Listens and watches the people around him Responds to voices Makes noises other than crying	Speak softly to your baby and use his/her name often. He/she can locate your voice within a few hours after birth
•	May repeat vowel noises, such as 'ah-ah-ah' or 'ooh-ooh-ooh'	 Talk to your baby often with clear, simple words and phrases
•	Gurgles, coos, and squeals Exhibits emotions	Mix your conversations with adult language and baby talk. Then phase out baby talk after six months old
		 Show baby simple pictures of babies, animals or toys
	Thinking	Thinking Activities
•	Prefers to look at high contrast patterns and faces	Slowly move your head from side to side to encourage your baby's eyes to follow you
•	Starts to make associations with crying to get needs met	Read to your babyPlay music softly during playtime in the crib
•	Protest if needs aren't met Likes visual stimulation	
	Social	Social Activities
•	Smiles at you, may laugh out loud May squeal in delight Communicates moods Studies faces	Delight your baby by gently blowing on his/her face, arms or tummy. Make a pat- tern out of your breathes and watch him/her react and anticipate
•	Watches as you're talking and mimics by opening and closing his/her mouth	Show baby pictures of facesTalk to your baby